## **Water Chestnut** Trapa natans

Habitat: Aquatic, Freshwater Family name: Lythraceae

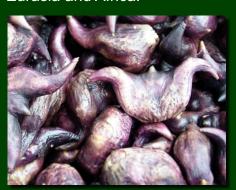
Common Names: buffalo nut, bat nut, devil pod,

ling nut, lin kok, ling kio nut, or singhara.



Water Chestnut - Trapa natans stand

**Description:** The species are floating annual aquatic plants, growing in slow-moving water up to 5 m deep, native to warm temperate parts of Eurasia and Africa.



They bear ornately shaped fruits, which resemble the head of a bull or the silhouette of a flying bat. Each fruit contains a single very large,

Water Chestnut

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starchy seed.



Water Chestnut Rosette

leafy portion and dentate (tooth-like) leaf margins. Leaves can be ovoid or triangular

It has a rosette of

leaves, each leaf

floating, fan-shaped

having a slightly inflated

petiole (leaf stem 5-9

cm long) which provide

added buoyancy for the

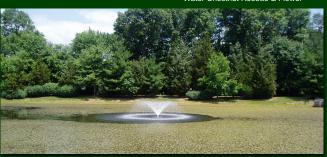
in shape, 2-3 cm long.

Water Chestnut has two types of leaves, finely divided, feather-like submerged leaves borne along the length of the stem, and undivided floating leaves borne in a rosette at the water's surface.



Solitary, small, white flowers with four petals sprout in the centre of the rosette form in early summer and are insectpollinated.





Water Chestnut Pond Invasion

The plant spreads by the rosettes and fruits detaching from the stem and floating to another area on currents or by fruits clinging to objects, and animals.





Water Chestnut Fruit

Water Chestnut has a submerged, flexuous stem, up to 4m in length and roots that anchor into the mud and extend upwards to the surface of the water.

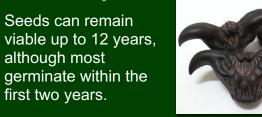


although most

first two years.

Water Chestnut Roots

The fruit is a nut with four 1-cm, barbed spines.



Water Chestnut Fruit

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